

## Chapter 4 / Example 18

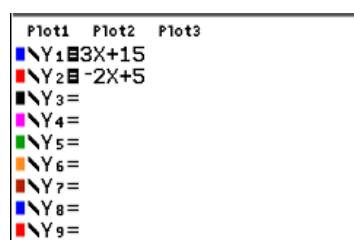
# Intersecting lines

Two straight roads have equations  $y = 3x + 15$  and  $y = -2x + 5$ . A traffic light has to be installed at their intersection point. Find the coordinates of the intersection point of the two roads.

Press  $[f1]$   $[y=]$  to display the equation entry screen.

Type  $3x + 15$  and press  $[enter]$  to enter the first equation as  $Y_1$ .

Type  $-2x + 5$  and press  $[enter]$  to enter the second equation as  $Y_2$ .



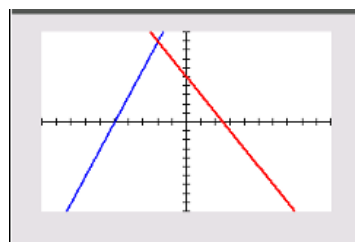
Press  $[f5]$   $[graph]$  to display the graph screen

The GDC now displays both straight-line graphs:

$$Y_1 = 3x + 15$$

$$Y_2 = -2x + 5$$

The default axes are  $-10 \leq x \leq 10$  and  $-10 \leq y \leq 10$ .

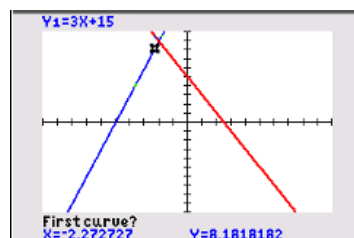


Press  $[2nd]$   $[f4]$   $[calc]$  5:intersect

To find the intersection you need to choose the two lines that intersect.

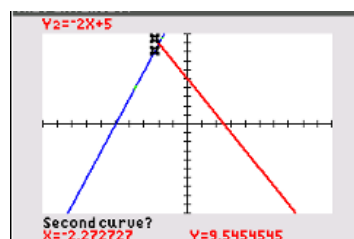
The GDC shows a cross on one of the lines and 'First curve?'.

Press  $[enter]$ .



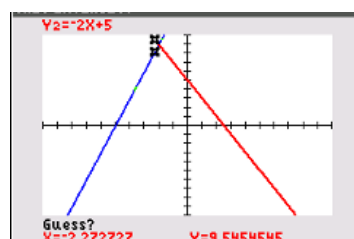
The GDC shows a cross on the other line and 'Second curve?'.

Press  $[enter]$ .



The GDC requires an initial guess for the position of the intersection. Choose the default position.

Press  $[enter]$ .



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# Intersecting lines

The GDC displays the intersection of the two straight lines at the point  $(-2, 9)$ .

The solution is  $(-2, 9)$ .

