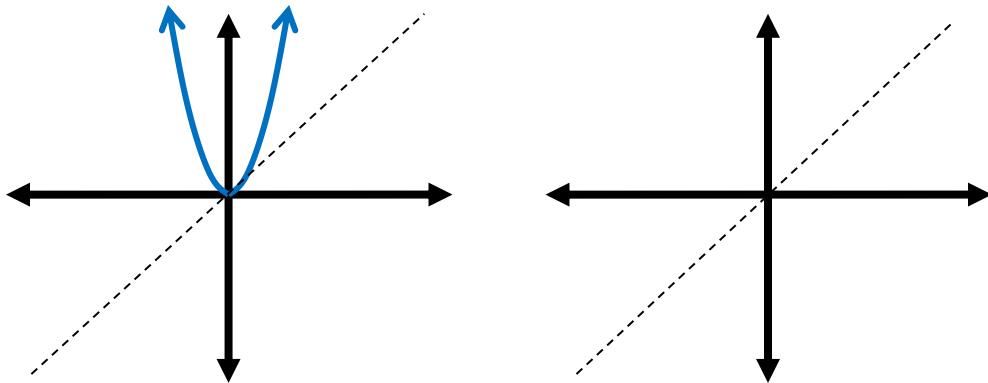


## Graphing Square Root & Cube Root Functions

### The Square Root Function

Reflect the function  $f(x) = x^2$  over the line  $y = x$ .



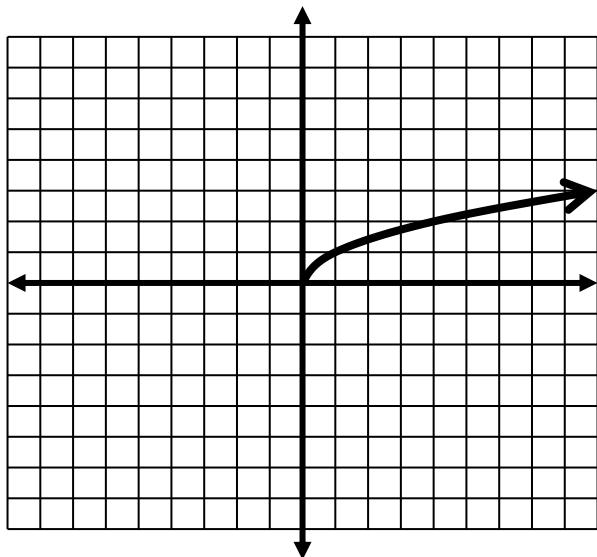
What problem do you notice with the reflected "function"?

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To deal with this problem, we define the Square Root function ( $y = \sqrt{x}$ ) to only use the top part of the graph.

The result:  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

### Characteristics of the graph



Vertex (endpoint)

End Behavior

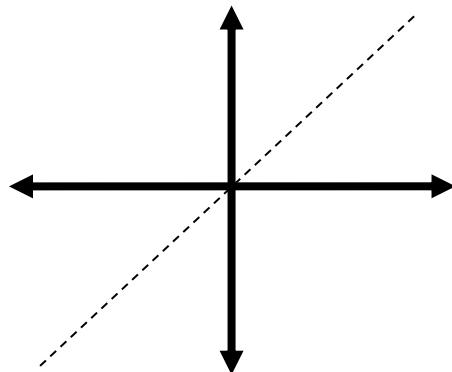
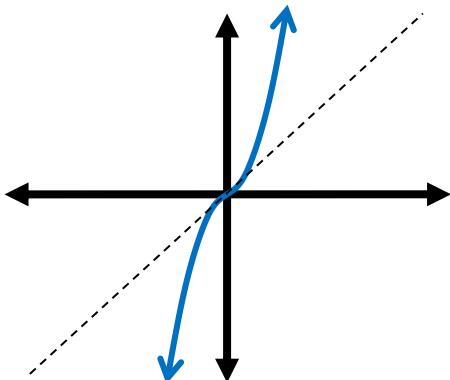
Domain

Range

Symmetry

The Cube Root Function

Reflect the function  $f(x) = x^3$  over the line  $y = x$ .



Problems? \_\_\_\_\_

The result:  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$

Characteristics of the graph

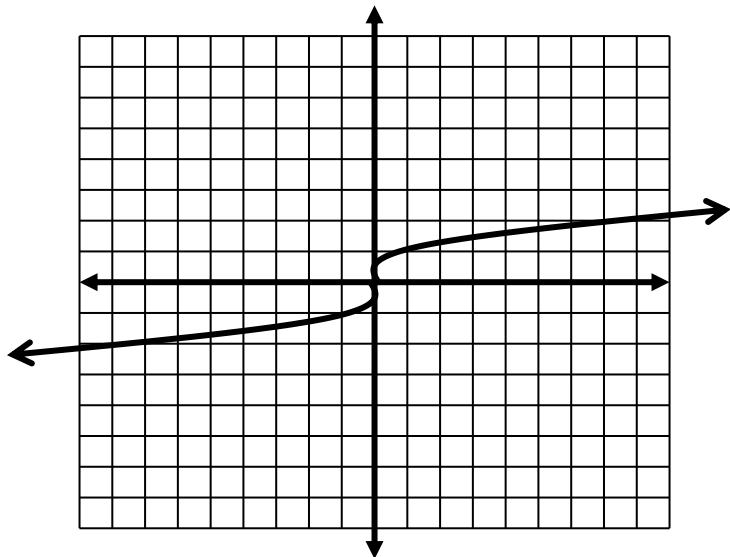
Vertex (anchor point)

End Behavior

Domain

Range

Symmetry



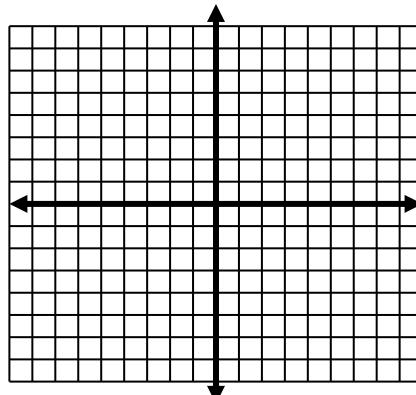
**Graphing Form:**  $y = f(bx + c) + d$

**Square Root Function** ( $y = \sqrt{x}$ )

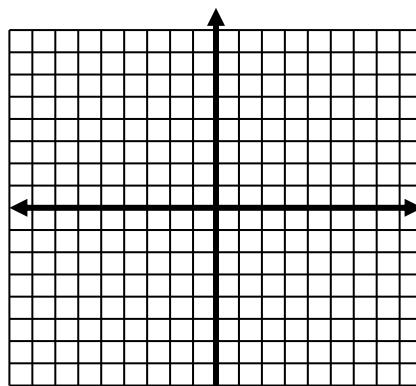
**Cube Root Function** ( $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$ )

## Transforming the Graphs

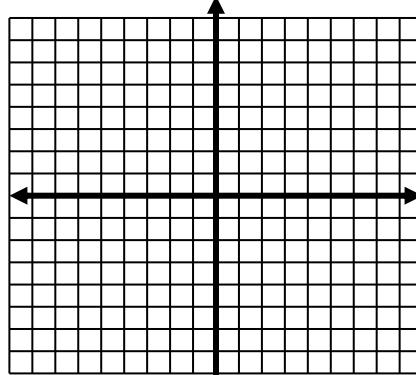
1)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x - 3}$



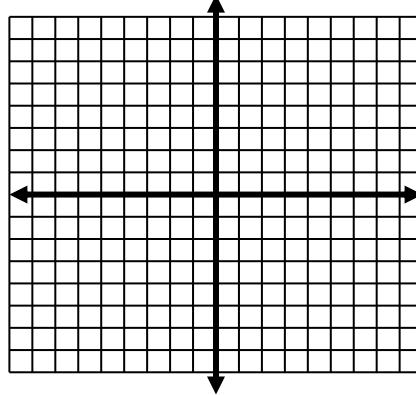
2)  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 4$



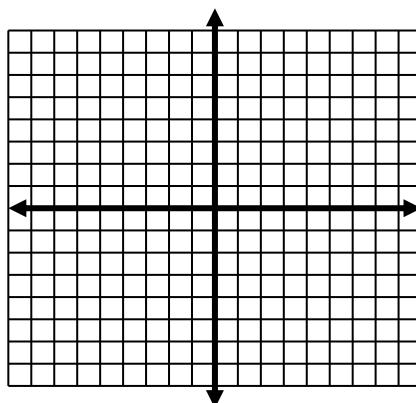
3)  $f(x) = -\sqrt[3]{x}$



4)  $f(x) = \sqrt{-x}$



5)  $f(x) = 2\sqrt[3]{x + 3}$



6)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}$

